

Webinar series – Data-driven risk management, session 1: Compliance

June 23, 2022

The evolution of technological solutions to collect and analyze data continues to enhance the ability for businesses to prevent, investigate, and defend against allegations of business crimes.

In a two-part webinar series, BLG's [Investigations & White Collar Defence Group](#) explores data-driven risk management in terms of compliance, investigation and defence.

Summary of session 1

Presented originally on October 14, 2021.

Presenter: [Julia Webster](#), Senior Associate at BLG Toronto

Panelists:

- Rob Mason, Global Head of Regulatory Intelligence at Relativity Trace
- Jack Martin, Partner and National Director of Forensic Data Analytics at KPMG Canada
- Andrew Terrett, National Director of Legal Technology and Service Delivery at BLG

With better technology at their disposal, companies face changing expectations from regulators on how they implement compliance programs, regardless of their specific industry. Whether in Canada or elsewhere, using artificial intelligence (AI) and screening tools to monitor data in real time creates new efficiencies, from both a time and a cost perspective.

The panelists discuss:

- solutions used to process data with a view to compliance in different industries;
- the limits of automation;
- the human element in effecting a robust compliance program; and
- the future of data analysis.

Data monitoring and developing compliance solutions

Financial institutions may use data screening tools to monitor internal written and verbal communications, in order to comply with internal company codes of conduct, the policies of a primary regulator, or applicable legislation. These tools typically use a number of lexicons (that is, sets of vocabulary words) across a broad range of languages, in conjunction with artificial intelligence, to flag suspicious exchanges in real time. Generating false positives is inevitable, but assessing red flags helps to achieve accuracy through machine-based learning.

To develop solutions to mitigate fraud, a company needs to understand the key warning signs of a particular fraudulent activity. This approach has successfully served as a backbone of anti-money laundering compliance (e.g. [FINTRAC guidance](#) on suspicious transactions) and the detection of bribery and corruption in World Bank-funded development projects. Once a business understands the key warning signs, it can harness machine learning to screen available data, and identify warning signs with a goal to mitigating the risk of fraud.

This can include monitoring online transactions for high-risk IP addresses, monitoring for web traffic from high-risk geographical jurisdictions, cross-referencing purchasing patterns with dollar amounts and time periods, and reviewing any mismatched client account information. Customized solutions, for example developing a software robot (a “bot”) to collect new information posted to a regulator’s website, often provide the best results.

The implementation of a screening program is an iterative process. Businesses must resist a “set it and forget it” mentality and create programs that keep up to date with novel warning signs.

The human contribution and the limits of automation

Using AI to identify non-compliant transactions or behaviors goes a long way in unearthing issues faster and more efficiently, but AI does not apply the creative judgment of counsel and compliance professionals to amend policies and processes. Interpreting false positives and/or patterns in the data generated by AI tools requires human participation, as does decision-making on flagged transactions or communications.

On the machine side, key elements for success include quality data (accurate, complete and uniform) and a performant engine (reliable, robust, operating with the latest technologies, that is nimble enough to accommodate evolving parameters).

On the human side, reviewers need to be versatile and knowledgeable about the subject they are examining. A reviewer must have the ability to notice subtle warning signs and data discrepancies. Based on their findings, reviewers need to be able to identify patterns and escalate problematic transactions with sufficient justification for doing so.

Reducing the number of false positives remains crucial to improving data-driven risk management and reducing the burden on compliance professionals to review each flagged transaction of communication. Reducing false positives relies on a robust

positive feedback loop, where compliance professionals identify why a flag may be a false positive. This feedback loop ensures that any machine learning relied on in a screening tool is continually refined.

The future of data in compliance

The use of cloud computing has assisted compliance and legal professionals in overcoming infrastructure challenges for obtaining a big picture of the applicable data or monitoring real-time data.

Businesses will continue to adjust their focus from compliance breaches to proactive detection of risks. In this pursuit, AI will begin to play a greater role in identifying patterns accurately. As a next step, screening programs should be identifying more of the risk and less of the noise.

Enforcement agencies are considering how to adjust their internal prosecutorial guidelines for assessing compliance policies to account for technological advancements. For example, the United States Department of Justice's (DOJ) ["Evaluation of Corporate Compliance Programs"](#) policy reviews whether compliance departments are empowered and positioned to detect and prevent misconduct. The DOJ evaluates a compliance department's access to relevant sources of data, whether there are barriers that act to limit the sources of data, and if there is timely and effective monitoring and testing of that data. The DOJ also considers if businesses undergo data-driven periodic reviews and whether policies and procedures are updated to reflect the results of those reviews.

For the legal professional, this will mean wearing multiple hats: while developing expertise in the law, counsel must stay up-to-date on the tools available for implementing and simplifying their clients' compliance processes.

Watch the webinar session

By

[Julia Webster](#)

Expertise

[Corporate Commercial](#), [Information Technology](#), [Disputes](#), [White Collar Criminal Defence](#) and [Corporate Investigations](#)

BLG | Canada's Law Firm

As the largest, truly full-service Canadian law firm, Borden Ladner Gervais LLP (BLG) delivers practical legal advice for domestic and international clients across more practices and industries than any Canadian firm. With over 725 lawyers, intellectual property agents and other professionals, BLG serves the legal needs of businesses and institutions across Canada and beyond – from M&A and capital markets, to disputes, financing, and trademark & patent registration.

blg.com

BLG Offices

Calgary

Centennial Place, East Tower
520 3rd Avenue S.W.
Calgary, AB, Canada
T2P 0R3

T 403.232.9500
F 403.266.1395

Ottawa

World Exchange Plaza
100 Queen Street
Ottawa, ON, Canada
K1P 1J9

T 613.237.5160
F 613.230.8842

Vancouver

1200 Waterfront Centre
200 Burrard Street
Vancouver, BC, Canada
V7X 1T2

T 604.687.5744
F 604.687.1415

Montréal

1000 De La Gauchetière Street West
Suite 900
Montréal, QC, Canada
H3B 5H4

T 514.954.2555
F 514.879.9015

Toronto

Bay Adelaide Centre, East Tower
22 Adelaide Street West
Toronto, ON, Canada
M5H 4E3

T 416.367.6000
F 416.367.6749

The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to constitute legal advice, a complete statement of the law, or an opinion on any subject. No one should act upon it or refrain from acting without a thorough examination of the law after the facts of a specific situation are considered. You are urged to consult your legal adviser in cases of specific questions or concerns. BLG does not warrant or guarantee the accuracy, currency or completeness of this publication. No part of this publication may be reproduced without prior written permission of Borden Ladner Gervais LLP. If this publication was sent to you by BLG and you do not wish to receive further publications from BLG, you may ask to remove your contact information from our mailing lists by emailing unsubscribe@blg.com or manage your subscription preferences at blg.com/MyPreferences. If you feel you have received this message in error please contact communications@blg.com. BLG's privacy policy for publications may be found at blg.com/en/privacy.

© 2024 Borden Ladner Gervais LLP. Borden Ladner Gervais LLP is an Ontario Limited Liability Partnership.