

Government of Canada publishes NOI on labelling criteria for toxic substances under the CEPA

December 05, 2022

Environment and Climate Change Canada and Health Canada published a <u>Notice of Intent</u> regarding their proposal to require the labelling of consumer products containing certain toxic substances currently listed in Schedule 1 of the <u>Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999</u> (CEPA, or the Act). Schedule 1 includes many commonly used products, such as acetone, certain pigments, plastic microbeads, and propane. The <u>Government is inviting the public's comments on this Notice of Intent until January 12</u>, 2023.

Labelling criteria for toxic substances under the CEPA

Under the Canadian Government's proposal, it would require certain cosmetics, cleaning products, and flame retardants used in upholstered furniture to be labelled if they contain substances listed in Schedule 1 of CEPA, and the following conditions are met:

- "The substance could be associated with potential concerns to the environment or human health at any stage of its life cycle;
- Labelling can help in achieving the risk management objective;
- The substance is subject to a phase-down and will continue to be found in products for a period of time before being fully restricted or eliminated;
- There are substance concentration limits for products; and
- There is a need to provide disposal guidance that relates to the presence of the substance".

The Canadian Government's proposal notes that a substance listed under Schedule 1 of the Act would not be subject to new labelling requirements in the following circumstances:

- "When a toxic substance is entirely prohibited in products under federal regulations;
- When another federal act is best placed to manage the risks identified for a toxic substance; or



• When a substance is considered toxic under the act but would not pose environmental or human health risks when contained in a certain product or when the product is disposed of (e.g. carbon dioxide in soda and other beverages)".

In making its decision of whether to adopt new labelling requirements, and which labelling requirements to adopt, the Government will consider labelling groups or classes of substances that share similar characteristics of concern. Given the increasingly digital nature of the Canadian economy and society, the Government also intends to consider digital means of providing information on toxic substances in products, in addition to traditional physical labels.

What does this mean for labelling requirements?

This proposal signals that Canada now seeks to make labelling requirements for products that contain toxic substances substantially stricter. The changes would bring Canadian warning and labelling requirements closer to those in jurisdictions like California, where mandatory warning requirements for products containing toxic substances must be strictly adhered to by industry.

If you have any questions about the Notice of Intent or the labelling of consumer products containing toxic substances currently listed under CEPA, please reach out to any of the authors or key contacts listed below.

Ву

Marc Vani, Alexandra M. Nicol, Jun Hu

Expertise

Products Law, Environmental

BLG | Canada's Law Firm

As the largest, truly full-service Canadian law firm, Borden Ladner Gervais LLP (BLG) delivers practical legal advice for domestic and international clients across more practices and industries than any Canadian firm. With over 725 lawyers, intellectual property agents and other professionals, BLG serves the legal needs of businesses and institutions across Canada and beyond – from M&A and capital markets, to disputes, financing, and trademark & patent registration.

blg.com

Calgary

BLG Offices

g y	
Centennial Place, East Tower	
520 3rd Avenue S.W.	

Calgary, AB, Canada T2P 0R3

T 403.232.9500 F 403.266.1395

Ottawa

World Exchange Plaza 100 Queen Street Ottawa, ON, Canada K1P 1J9

T 613.237.5160 F 613.230.8842

Vancouver

1200 Waterfront Centre 200 Burrard Street Vancouver, BC, Canada V7X 1T2

T 604.687.5744 F 604.687.1415



Montréal

1000 De La Gauchetière Street West

Suite 900

Montréal, QC, Canada

H3B 5H4

T 514.954.2555 F 514.879.9015 Toronto

Bay Adelaide Centre, East Tower 22 Adelaide Street West Toronto, ON, Canada M5H 4E3

T 416.367.6000 F 416.367.6749

The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to constitute legal advice, a complete statement of the law, or an opinion on any subject. No one should act upon it or refrain from acting without a thorough examination of the law after the facts of a specific situation are considered. You are urged to consult your legal adviser in cases of specific questions or concerns. BLG does not warrant or guarantee the accuracy, currency or completeness of this publication. No part of this publication may be reproduced without prior written permission of Borden Ladner Gervais LLP. If this publication was sent to you by BLG and you do not wish to receive further publications from BLG, you may ask to remove your contact information from our mailing lists by emailing unsubscribe@blg.com or manage your subscription preferences at blg.com/MyPreferences. If you feel you have received this message in error please contact communications@blg.com. BLG's privacy policy for publications may be found at blg.com/en/privacy.

© 2024 Borden Ladner Gervais LLP. Borden Ladner Gervais LLP is an Ontario Limited Liability Partnership.